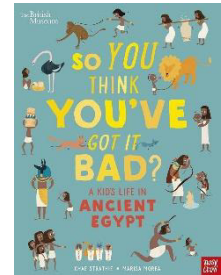
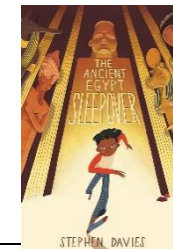
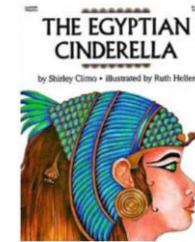
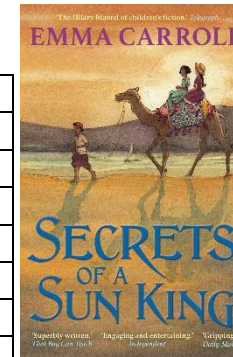


Year 5: Ancient Egyptians

Vocabulary	Definition
Ancient	Belonging to the very distant past and no longer in existence
Mythology	Collection of traditional stories
Pharaoh	Ruler
Mummy / Mummify	Preservation of the dead to preserve their spiritual afterlife.
Civilisation	An advanced stage of human organisation.
Dynasty	A succession of people from the same family who play an important role
Afterlife	Eternal life and rebirth of the soul
Hieroglyphics	A form of Ancient Egyptian writing



Knowledge Bank (Year 5)

Ancient Egyptians

- The Ancient Egyptians were one of the earliest civilisations and this period in history lasted 3000 years between 3150 to 30BC.
- The civilisation began with the reign of Egypt's first King in 3150BC.
- The Romans invaded and conquered Egypt in 30BC when it became part of the Roman Empire.
- Life in Ancient Egypt was extremely organised due to the presence of 3 classes: Pharaohs; nobles, scribes and priests the farmers, craftsmen and slaves. This compares to the tribal organisation on Stone Age Britain at the same time. Farming was important in Egypt due to very fertile land caused by the flooding of the Nile.
- Ancient Egyptians believed in Gods and Goddesses who they thought would judge them to see if they could move onto the afterlife.
- Ancient Egyptians built pyramids as monuments to house the tombs of pharaohs.
- Ancient Egyptians mummified dead people to allow their spirits to move into the afterlife.
- The evidence today of how Ancient Egyptians lived can be seen in the pyramids, hieroglyphics, artefacts, book of the dead.