

Year ____ Year ____	<h1 style="text-align: center;">My Mental Arithmetic Passport</h1> <h2 style="text-align: center;">Europe</h2> <p style="text-align: center;">My Name: _____</p>	Star when practised/achieved		
		★	★	★
Rapid Recall	~ All pairs of numbers with a total to 10 e.g. 3+7			
	~ Addition and subtraction facts for all numbers to any number to 10.			
	~ Addition doubles of all numbers to at least 10+10			
	~ Halving facts of even numbers to 20.			
	~ One and two more/ less than any number up to 100.			
	~ 10 more/less of multiples of 10			
	~ 5 more/ less of multiples of 5			
Mental Strategies to use the following strategies, as appropriate, for mental calculations:	~ Count on or back in ones, twos, fives and tens			
	~ Reorder numbers in calculation			
	~ Begin to bridge through 10, and later 20, when adding a single-digit number			
	~ Use known number facts and place value to add or subtract pairs of single-digit numbers			
	~ Add 9 to single-digit numbers by adding 10 then subtracting 1			
	~ Subtract 9 by subtracting 10 then adding 1			
	~ Identify near doubles using doubles already know			
	~ Use patterns of similar calculations			
Mental Calculations to calculate mentally:	~ Add or subtract a single digit to or from a single digit, without crossing 10 e.g. 4 + 5, 8-3			
	~ Add or subtract a single digit to or from 10			
	~ Add or subtract a single digit to or from a 'teens' number, without crossing 20 or 10 e.g. 13 + 5, 17 - 3			
	~ Double of all numbers to 10 e.g. 8+8, double 6			

Year ____ Year ____	<h1 style="color: purple;">My Mental Arithmetic Passport</h1> <h2 style="color: red;">Africa</h2> <p>My Name: _____</p>		Star when practised/achieved		
			★	★	★
Rapid Recall	~ Addition and subtraction facts for all numbers to at least 10				
	~ All pairs of numbers with a total of 20 e.g. 13 +7				
	~ All pairs of multiples of 10 with a total of 100 e.g. 30+70				
	~ Multiplication facts for the 2 and 10 times tables and corresponding division facts				
	~ Double of all numbers to ten and the corresponding halves				
	~ Multiplication facts up to 5x5 e.g. 4x3				
	~ Know 10x, 2x, 5x tables				
~ Count forwards and backwards in 3's to 36					
Mental Strategies: to use the following strategies for mental calculations:	~ count on or back in tens or ones				
	~ find a small difference by counting up from the smaller to the larger number				
	~ reorder numbers in a calculation				
	~ add three small numbers by putting the largest number first and/or finding a pair totalling 10				
	~ partition additions into tens and units then recombine				
	~ bridge through 10 or 20				
	~ use known number facts and place value to add or subtract pairs of numbers				
	~ partition into '5 and a bit' when adding 6, 7, 8 or 9				
	~ add or subtract 9, 19, 11 or 21 by rounding and compensating				
	~ identify near doubles				
	~ use patterns of similar calculations				
	~ use the relationship between addition/subtraction				
	~ use knowledge of number facts and place value to multiply or divide by 2, 5 or 10				
~ use doubles and halves and halving as the inverse of doubling					
Mental Calculations to calculate mentally:	~ add or subtract any single-digit to or from any two-digit number, without crossing the tens boundary, e.g. 62 + 4, 38 - 7				
	~ add or subtract any single-digit to or from a multiple of 10, e.g. 60 + 5, 80 - 7				
	~ add or subtract any 'teens' number to any two-digit number, without crossing the tens boundary, e.g. 23 + 14, 48 - 13				
	~ find what must be added to any two-digit multiple of 10 to make 100, e.g. 70 + ? = 100				
	~ add or subtract a multiple of 10 to or from any two-digit number, without crossing 100, e.g.				
	~ 47 + 30, 82 - 50				
	~ subtract any two-digit number from any two-digit number when the difference is less than 10, e.g. 78 - 71 or 52 - 48				
	~ doubles of all numbers to at least 15, e.g. double 14				
~ halve any multiple of 10 up to 100, e.g. halve 50					

Year ____ Year ____	<h1 style="text-align: center;">My Mental Arithmetic Passport</h1> <h2 style="text-align: center;">Asia</h2> <p style="text-align: center;">My Name: _____</p>	Star when practised/achieved		
Rapid Recall	~ addition and subtraction facts for each number to 20, e.g. $13 + 4$	★	★	★
	~ sums and differences of multiples of 10, e.g. $70 + 20$ or $80 - 30$			
	~ number pairs that total 100, e.g. $46 + 54$			
	~ multiplication facts for the 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 10 times tables and the corresponding division facts			
Mental Strategies: to use the following strategies, as appropriate, for mental calculations	~ count on or back in tens or ones			
	~ find a small difference by counting up from the smaller to the larger number			
	~ reorder numbers in a calculation			
	~ add three or four small numbers by putting the largest number first and/or by finding pairs totalling 9, 10 or 11			
	~ partition into tens and units then recombine			
	~ bridge through a multiple of 10, then adjust			
	~ use knowledge of number facts and place value to add or subtract pairs of numbers			
	~ partition into '5 and a bit' when adding 6, 7, 8 or 9			
	~ add or subtract mentally a 'near multiple of 10' to or from a two-digit number			
	~ identify near doubles			
	~ use patterns of similar calculations			
	~ say or write a subtraction statement corresponding to a given addition statement			
	~ to multiply a number by 10/100, shift its digits one/two places to the left			
	Mental Calculations: to calculate mentally	~ use knowledge of number facts and place value to multiply or divide by 2, 5 or 10, 100		
~ use doubling or halving				
~ say or write a division statement corresponding to a given multiplication statement				
~ find what must be added to any multiple of 100 to make 1000, e.g. $300 + ? = 1000$				
~ add or subtract any pair of two-digit numbers, without crossing a tens boundary or 100, e.g. $33 + 45$, $87 - 2$				
~ add or subtract any single-digit to any two-digit number, including crossing the tens boundary, e.g. $67 + 5$, $82 - 7$				
~ find what must be added to/subtracted from any two-digit number to make the next higher/lower multiple of 10. e.g. $64 + ? = 70$, $56 - ? = 50$				
~ subtract any three-digit number from any three-digit number when the difference is less than 10, e.g. $458 - 451$, or $603 - 597$				
~ find what must be added to/subtracted from any three-digit number to make the next higher/lower multiple of 10, e.g. $647 + ? = 650$, $246 - ? = 240$				
~ double any number to at least 20, e.g. double 18, and corresponding halves, e.g. halve 36; double 60, halve 120; double 35, halve 70; double 450, halve 900				
~ multiply single-digit numbers by 10 or 100, e.g. 6×100				
~ divide any multiple of 10 by 10, e.g. $60 \div 10$, and any multiple of 100 by 100, e.g. $700 \div 100$				

My Mental Arithmetic Passport

South America

Star when practised/achieved

Year _____
Year _____

My Name: _____

Rapid Recall	~ Multiplication facts of the 2,3,4,5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 times tables	★	★	★
	~ Division facts corresponding to tables of 2,3,4,5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10,11 and 12			
Mental Strategies: to use the following strategies, as appropriate for mental calculations:	~ count on or back in repeated steps of 1, 10 and 100			
	~ count up through the next multiple of 10, 100 or 1000			
	~ reorder numbers in a calculation			
	~ add 3 or 4 small numbers, finding pairs totalling 10			
	~ add three two-digit multiples of 10			
	~ partition into tens and units, adding the tens first			
	~ bridge through 100			
	~ use knowledge of number facts and place value to add or subtract any pair of two-digit numbers			
	~ add or subtract 9, 19, 29, 11, 21 or 31 by rounding and compensating			
	~ add or subtract the nearest multiple of 10 then adjust			
	~ identify near doubles			
	~ continue to use the relationship between addition and subtraction			
	~ double any two-digit number by doubling tens first			
	~ use known number facts and place value to multiply or divide, including multiplying and dividing by 10 and then 100			
	~ partition to carry out multiplication			
	Mental Calculations: to calculate mentally	~ use doubling or halving		
~ use closely related facts to carry out multiplication and division				
~ use the relationship between multiplication and division				
~ find what must be added to any two-digit number to make 100, e.g. $37 + ? = 100$				
~ add or subtract any pair of two-digit numbers, e.g. $38 + 85$, $92 - 47$				
~ find out what must be added to/subtracted from any two- or three-digit number to make the next higher/lower multiple of 100, e.g. $374 + ? = 400$, $826 - ? = 800$				
~ subtract any four-digit number from any four-digit number when the difference is small, e.g. $3641 - 3628$, $6002 - 5991$				
~ double any whole number from 1 to 50, e.g. double 36, and find all the corresponding halves, e.g. $96 \div 2$				
~ double any multiple of 10 to 500, e.g. 380×2 , and find all the corresponding halves, e.g. $760 \div 2$, $130 \div 2$				
~ double any multiple of 5 to 100, e.g. 65×2				
~ multiply any two-digit number by 10, e.g. 26×10				
~ divide a multiple of 100 by 10, e.g. $600 \div 10$				
~ multiply any two-digit multiple of 10 by any single-digit number				

My Mental Arithmetic Passport

Star when practised/achieved

Australia/Oceania

My Name: _____



Year ____ Year ____	My Mental Arithmetic Passport Australia/Oceania My Name: _____	Star when practised/achieved		
Rapid Recall	~ multiplication facts up to 12 x 12 and corresponding division facts			
Mental Strategies: to use the following strategies, as appropriate, for mental calculations	~ sums and differences of decimals, e.g. 6.5 ± 2.7 doubles and halves of decimals, e.g. half of 5.6			
Mental Calculations: to calculate mentally	~ count up through the next multiple of 10, 100 or 1000			
	~ reorder numbers in a calculation			
	~ partition into hundreds, tens and units, adding the most significant digit first			
	~ use known number facts and place value to add or subtract pairs of three-digit multiples of 10 and two-digit numbers with one decimal place			
	~ add or subtract the nearest multiple of 10 or 100 then adjust			
	~ identify near doubles			
	~ add several numbers			
	~ develop further the relationship between addition and subtraction			
	~ use factors			
	~ partition to carry out multiplication			
	~ use doubling and halving			
	~ use closely related facts to carry out multiplication and division			
	~ use the relationship between multiplication and division			
	~ use knowledge of number facts and place value to multiply or divide			
	~ add or subtract any pair of three-digit multiples of 10, e.g. $570 + 250$, $620 - 380$			
	~ find what must be added to a decimal fraction with units and tenths to make the next higher whole number, e.g. $4.3 + ? = 5$			
	~ add or subtract any pair of decimal fractions each with units and tenths, or each with tenths and hundredths, e.g. $5.7 + 2.5$, $0.63 - 0.48$			
	~ subtract a four-digit number just less than a multiple of 1000 from a four-digit number just more than a multiple of 1000, e.g. $5001 - 1997$			
	~ multiply any two- or three-digit number by 10 or 100, e.g. 79×100 , 363×100			
	~ divide a multiple of 100 by 10 or 100, e.g. $4000 \div 10$, $3600 \div 100$			
	~ multiply any two-digit multiple of 10 by a single-digit, e.g. 60×7 , 90×6			
	~ double any whole number from 1 to 100, multiples of 10 to 1000, and find corresponding halves			
	~ find 50%, 25%, 10% of small whole numbers or quantities, e.g. 25% of £8			

Year ____ Year ____	<h1 style="text-align: center;">My Mental Arithmetic Passport</h1> <h2 style="text-align: center;">Antarctica</h2> <p style="text-align: center;">My Name: _____</p>	Star when practised/achieved		
		★	★	★
Rapid Recall	~ multiplication and division facts involving decimals, e.g. 0.8×7 and $4.8 \div 6$			
	~ squares of numbers to 12×12 and the corresponding squares of multiples of 10			
Mental Strategies: to use the following strategies, as appropriate, for mental calculations	~ consolidate all strategies from previous years			
	~ use knowledge of number facts and place value to add or subtract pairs of three-digit multiples of 10 and two-digit numbers with one decimal place			
	~ add or subtract the nearest multiple of 10, 100 or 1000, then adjust			
	~ continue to use the relationship between addition and subtraction			
	~ use factors			
	~ partition to carry out multiplication			
	~ use doubling and halving			
	~ use closely related facts to carry out multiplication and division			
	~ use the relationship between multiplication and division			
	~ use knowledge of number facts and place value to multiply or divide			
Mental Calculations: to calculate mentally				
	~ multiply any two-digit number by a single-digit, e.g. 34×6			
	~ multiply any two-digit number by 50 or 25, e.g. 23×50 , 47×25			
	~ multiply or divide any whole number by 10 or 100, giving any remainder as a decimal, e.g. $47 \div 10 = 4.7$, $1763 \div 100 = 17.63$			
	~ find squares of multiples of 10 to 100			
	~ find any multiple of 10% of a whole number or quantity, e.g. 70% of £20, 50% of 5kg, 20% of 2 metres			

My Mental Arithmetic Passport

North America

Star when practised/achieved

EYFS ____
Year ____

My Name: _____



		Star when practised/achieved		
		★	★	★
Counting/ Using Number	~ Counts up to three or four objects by saying one number name for each item.			
	~ Counts actions or objects which cannot be moved.			
	~ Counts objects to 10, and beginning to count beyond 10.			
	~ Counts out up to six objects from a larger group.			
	~ Counts an irregular arrangement of up to ten objects.			
	~ Estimates how many objects they can see and checks by counting them.			
	~ Says the number that is one more than a given number.			
Number Recognition	~ Recognise some numerals of personal significance.			
	~ Recognises numerals 1 to 5.			
	~ Selects the correct numeral to represent 1 to 5, then 1 to 10 objects.			
Applying Knowledge to mathematical problems				
	~ Uses the language of 'more' and 'fewer' to compare two sets of objects.			
	~ Finds the total number of items in two groups by counting all of them.			
	~ Finds one more or one less from a group of up to five objects, then ten objects.			
	~ In practical activities and discussion, beginning to use the vocabulary involved in adding and subtracting.			
	~ Records, using marks that they can interpret and explain.			
	~ Begins to identify own mathematical problems based on own interests and fascinations.			
	<p><u>Early Learning Goal</u></p> <p>To count reliably with numbers from one to 20, place them in order and say which number is one more or one less than a given number. Using quantities and objects, they add and subtract two single-digit numbers and count on or back to find the answer. They solve problems, including doubling, halving and sharing.</p>			